Claim 11, line 1 Claim 12, line 1	Change "1" to18
	Change "1" to18
Claim 13, line 1	Change "1" to18
Claim 14, line 1	Change "1" to18
Claim 15, line 1 Claim 16, line 1 Claim 17, line 1	Change "1" to18
Claim 16, line 1	Change "1" to18
Claim 17, line 1	Change "1" to18

A method of treating a patient having renal osteodystrophy while avoiding hyperphosphatemia comprising administering to said patient a vitamin D compound that has minimal effect on blood serum phosphorus of said patient, said vitamin D compound selected from a 19-nor-vitamin D₂ compound having the formula:

(23/1X

where X1 and X2 each represent, independently, hydrogen or a hydroxyprotecting group; and where R1 is selected from hydrogen, hydroxy, protected hydroxy, fluoro, trifluoromethyl, and C₁₋₅- alkyl, which may be straight chain or branched and, optionally, bear a hydroxy or protectedhydroxy substituent; and where each of R², R³, and R⁴, independently, is selected from hydrogen, fluoro, trifluoromethyl and C₁₋₅ alkyl, which may be straight-chain or branched, and optionally, bear a hydroxy or protectedhydroxy substituent; and where R1 and R2, taken together represent an oxo group, or an alkylidene group, =CR2R3, or the group -(CH2)p-, where p is an integer from 2 to 5; and where R3 and R4, taken together, present an oxo group, or a group -(CH₂)_q-, where q is an integer from 2 to 5; and where R^5 represents hydrogen, hydroxy, protected hydroxy, or C1-5 alkyl.---